

Gedeon_Muhawenayo

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1 Building an Object Tracker

Tracker detects objects in all frames of a video and link the predictions from one frame to the next.

Imports and installation of necessary packages

```
In [1]: !pip install -U torch==1.5 torchvision==0.6 -f https://download.pytorch.org/whl/cu101/
!pip install cython pyyaml==5.1 >/dev/null
!pip install -U 'git+https://github.com/cocodataset/cocoapi.git#subdirectory=PythonAPI
import torch, torchvision
#print(torch.__version__, torch.cuda.is_available())
#!gcc --version

# mask r-cnn
!git clone https://github.com/matterport/Mask_RCNN.git > .null
!pip install -r Mask_RCNN/requirements.txt > .null
!pip install ./Mask_RCNN > .null

# install detectron2:
!pip install detectron2==0.1.2 -f https://dl.fbaipublicfiles.com/detectron2/wheels/cu101

# Setup detectron2 logger
import detectron2
from detectron2.utils.logger import setup_logger
setup_logger()

# import some common libraries
import os
import random
import time
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import cv2
from google.colab.patches import cv2_imshow
from cv2 import VideoWriter, VideoWriter_fourcc, imread, resize
from mrcnn.visualize import display_instances
from google.colab import files
```

```

# import some common detectron2 utilities
from detectron2 import model_zoo
from detectron2.engine import DefaultPredictor
from detectron2.config import get_cfg
from detectron2.utils.visualizer import Visualizer
from detectron2.data import MetadataCatalog

```

Running command `git clone -q https://github.com/cocodataset/cocoapi.git /tmp/pip-req-build-ep`
Cloning into 'Mask_RCNN'...
remote: Enumerating objects: 956, done.
remote: Total 956 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0), pack-reused 956
Receiving objects: 100% (956/956), 116.75 MiB | 13.31 MiB/s, done.
Resolving deltas: 100% (567/567), done.

1.1 Part A: Detecting Objects in Frames

1.1.1 Data; Downloading the video clip

```

In [1]: !wget https://github.com/gkioxari/aims2020_visualrecognition/releases/download/v1.0/vi
!unzip videoclip.zip >/dev/null

```

1.1.2 Pretrained model for semantic segmentation

```

In [3]: cfg = get_cfg()
        cfg.merge_from_file(model_zoo.get_config_file("COCO-InstanceSegmentation/mask_rcnn_R_50
        cfg.MODEL.ROI_HEADS.SCORE_THRESH_TEST = 0.7 # set threshold for this model
        cfg.MODEL.WEIGHTS = model_zoo.get_checkpoint_url("COCO-InstanceSegmentation/mask_rcnn_I
        seg_predictor = DefaultPredictor(cfg)

```

model_final_f10217.pkl: 178MB [00:17, 10.3MB/s]

1.1.3 Prepare images for semantic segmentation

```

In [0]: def read_images(folder = 'clip'):
        images_list = []
        for file_name in sorted(os.listdir(folder)):
            image = cv2.imread(folder+'/'+file_name)
            images_list.append(image)
        return images_list

        images_list = read_images(folder = 'clip')

```

1.1.4 Visualizing samples of the loaded images

```

In [5]: for indx in random.sample(range(0, 40), 3):
        cv2_imshow(images_list[indx])

```





1.1.5 Predicting semantic segmentation of loaded images

```
In [0]: def semantic_predictor(images):
        output_im_list = []
        for image in images:
            output_im_list.append(seg_predictor(image))
        return output_im_list
predictions = semantic_predictor(images_list)
```

1.1.6 Visualizing the predictions from a random set of frames to make sure things look correct.

```
In [7]: for indx in random.sample(range(0, 40), 3):
        v = Visualizer(images_list[indx][:, :, ::-1], MetadataCatalog.get(cfg.DATASETS.TRAIN
        v = v.draw_instance_predictions(predictions[indx]["instances"].to("cpu"))
        cv2.imshow(v.get_image()[:, :, ::-1])
```





1.2 Part B: Tracking Objects in Pairs of Frames

1.2.1 Computing the matching score

```
In [0]: # Computing Bbox overlap of two predictions
def bbox_overlap(bbox1, bbox2):
    """
    The bounding box data in coco format is [x,y,h,w]
    x: is the horizontal coordinate of top left
    y: is the vertical coordinate of top left
    h: the lenght of the height of the bbox
    w: the lenght of the width of the bbox

    the model output format is [x1,y1,x2,y2]
    """
    bbox1 = bbox1.pred_boxes[0].tensor[0]
    bbox2 = bbox2.pred_boxes[0].tensor[0]

    x1,y1 = max(bbox1[0], bbox2[0]), max(bbox1[1], bbox2[1])
    x2,y2 = min(bbox1[2], bbox2[2]), min(bbox1[3], bbox2[3])
    if x1 > x2 or y1 > y2: return 0
    return (x1 - x2) * (y1 - y2)

# Computing the matching score
def matching_score(pres_frame, next_frame):
    horizontal_dim, vertical_dim = len(pres_frame), len(next_frame)
    m = np.zeros((horizontal_dim, vertical_dim))
```

```

for h_index in range(horizontal_dim):
    for v_index in range(vertical_dim):
        if pres_frame[h_index].pred_classes == next_frame[v_index].pred_classes:
            m[h_index][v_index] = 1
            overlap_value = bbox_overlap(pres_frame[h_index], next_frame[v_index])
            m[h_index][v_index] = m[h_index][v_index] * overlap_value
mx = np.max(m,axis=1)
best_match = np.argmax(m, axis=1)
best_match[mx==0] = -99
return best_match,m

```

In [0]: # tracking in the whole frames

```

tracking_list = []
for index in range(len(predictions)-1):
    temp_track ,m= matching_score(predictions[index] ["instances"],predictions[1+index] ["instances"])
    tracking_list.append(temp_track)

```

1.2.2 Color-coding tracks

In [0]: def generate_colors(n):

```

    """
    Take an integer n and it egenerates n RGB colors
    those RGB values range between 0 and 1
    """
    ret = []
    r,g,b = 158,39,248
    step = 256 / n
    for i in range(n):
        r += step
        g += step
        b += step
        r = int(r) % 256
        g = int(g) % 256
        b = int(b) % 256
        ret.append((r/255,g/255,b/255))
    return ret

```

1.2.3 Object tracking in a Video

```

In [0]: init_pred_classes = predictions[0] ["instances"].pred_classes
present_colors = generate_colors(len(init_pred_classes))
class_names = ["Track "+str(i) for i in range(len(init_pred_classes))]
global_class_name_counter = len(class_names)
res = []
num_frames = len(images_list)
for indx in range(num_frames):
    img = images_list[indx]
    v = Visualizer(img[:, :, :-1], MetadataCatalog.get(cfg.DATASETS.TRAIN[0]), scale_factor=1)

```

```

for cidx, bbox in enumerate(predictions[indx]["instances"].pred_boxes.tensor):
    text_pos = (bbox[0],bbox[1])
    v.draw_box(bbox,edge_color=present_colors[cidx],alpha=0.9)
    v.draw_text(class_names[cidx],text_pos, color=present_colors[cidx],font_size=10)
img = v.get_output().get_image()[:, :, :-1]
output = img
res.append(output)

if indx < (num_frames - 1):
    init_pred_classes = predictions[indx+1]["instances"].pred_classes
    present_colors = generate_colors(len(init_pred_classes))
    new_class_names = [""] * (len(init_pred_classes))
    for indx,idx in enumerate(tracking_list[indx]):
        if idx > 0:
            new_class_names[idx] = class_names[indx]
    for i, name in enumerate(new_class_names):
        if name=="":
            new_class_names[i]="Track "+str(global_class_name_counter)
            global_class_name_counter+=1
    class_names=new_class_names

```

1.2.4 Pick a clip required by specifying the start and end frames

```

In [0]: def pick_clip_in_video(frames,start_frame=0,end_frame=10):
        """
        From a list of frames, returns the range of specified frames
        """
        res = []
        if start_frame < 0 or end_frame >= len(frames):
            start_frame = 0
            end_frame = len(frames)
            print('wrong frame indexes!!!!.....')
        while start_frame < end_frame:
            res.append(frames[start_frame])
            start_frame += 1
        return res

```

```

In [0]: ans = pick_clip_in_video(res,start_frame=2,end_frame=12)

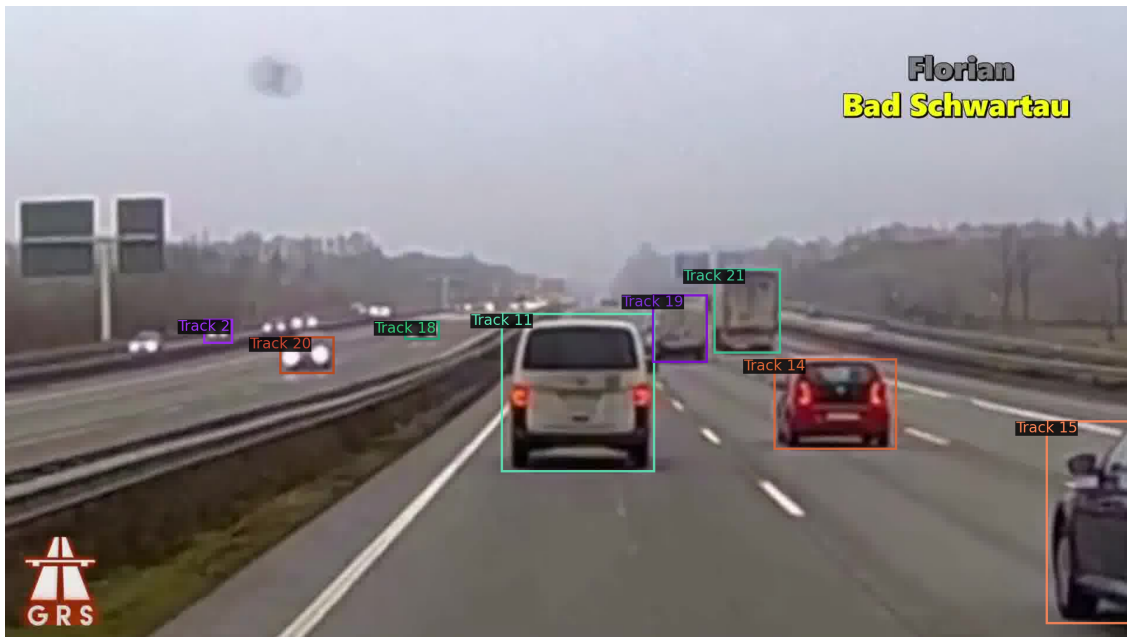
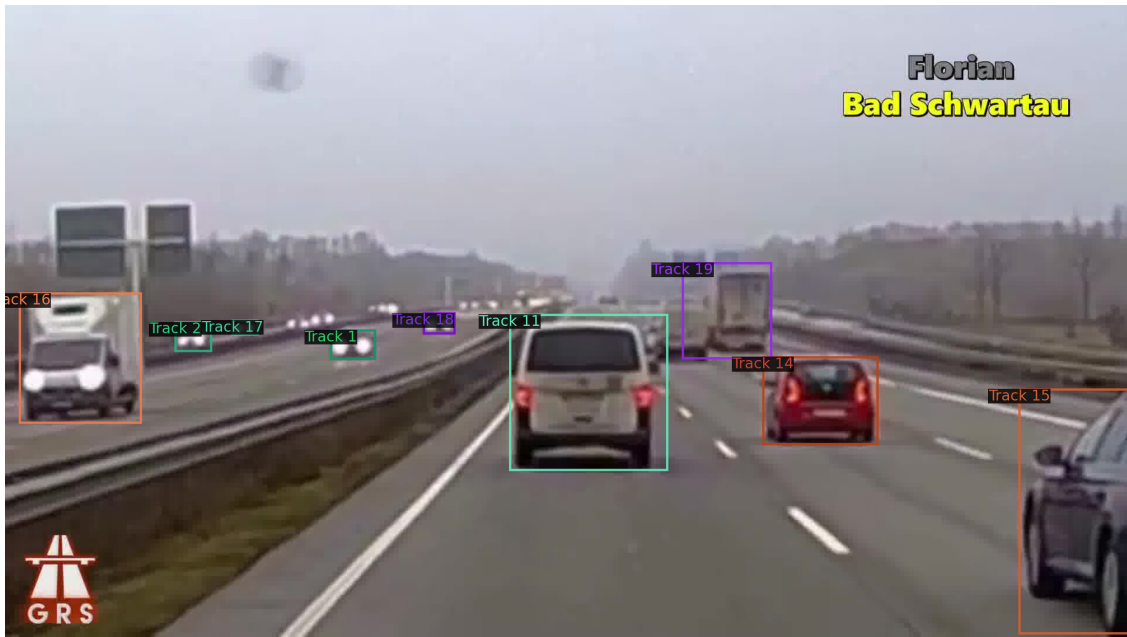
```

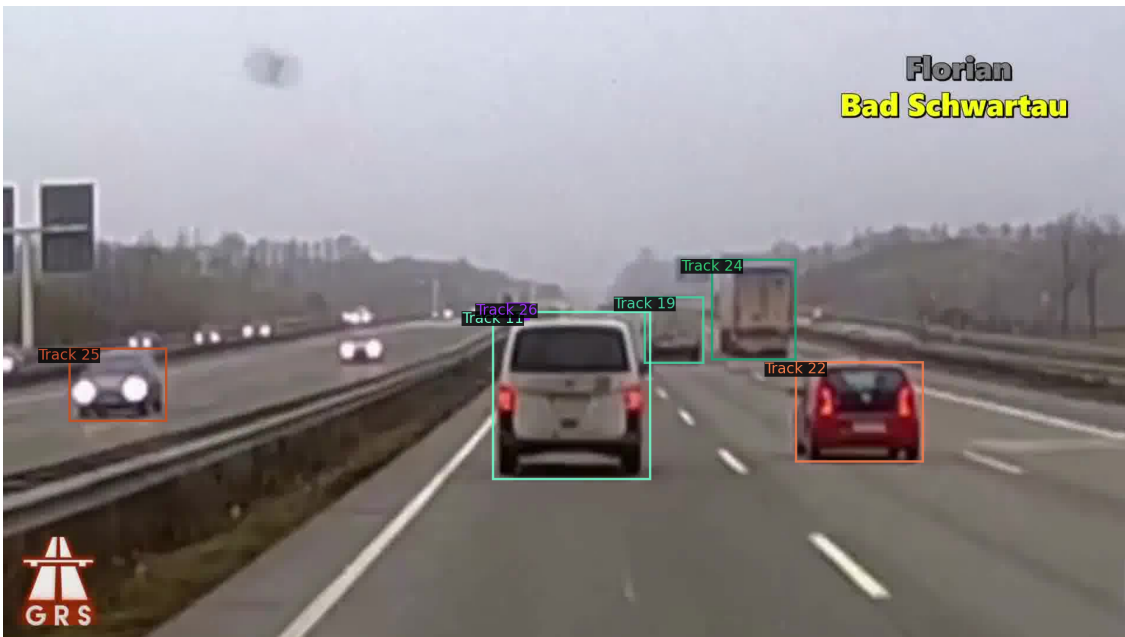
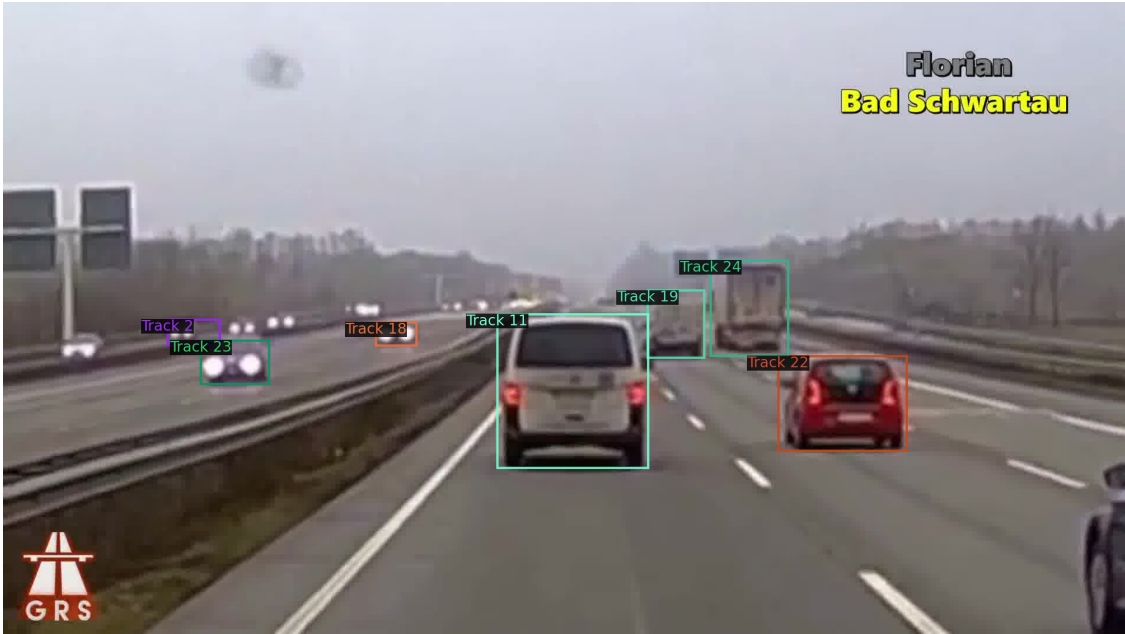
```

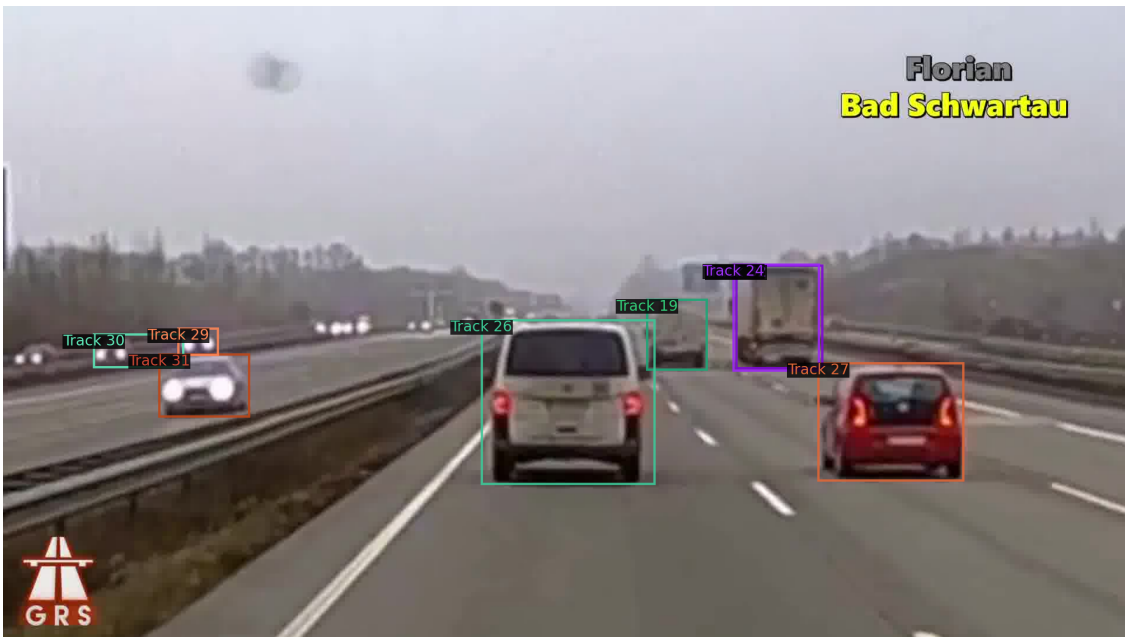
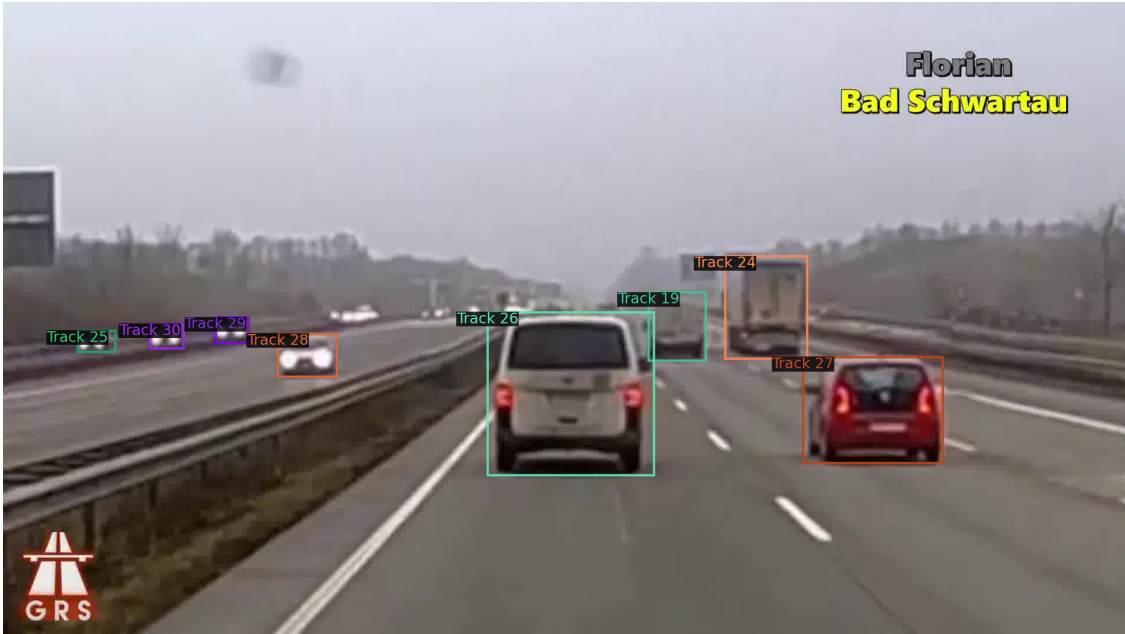
In [14]: print(len(ans))
         for i in range(len(ans)):
             cv2_imshow(ans[i])

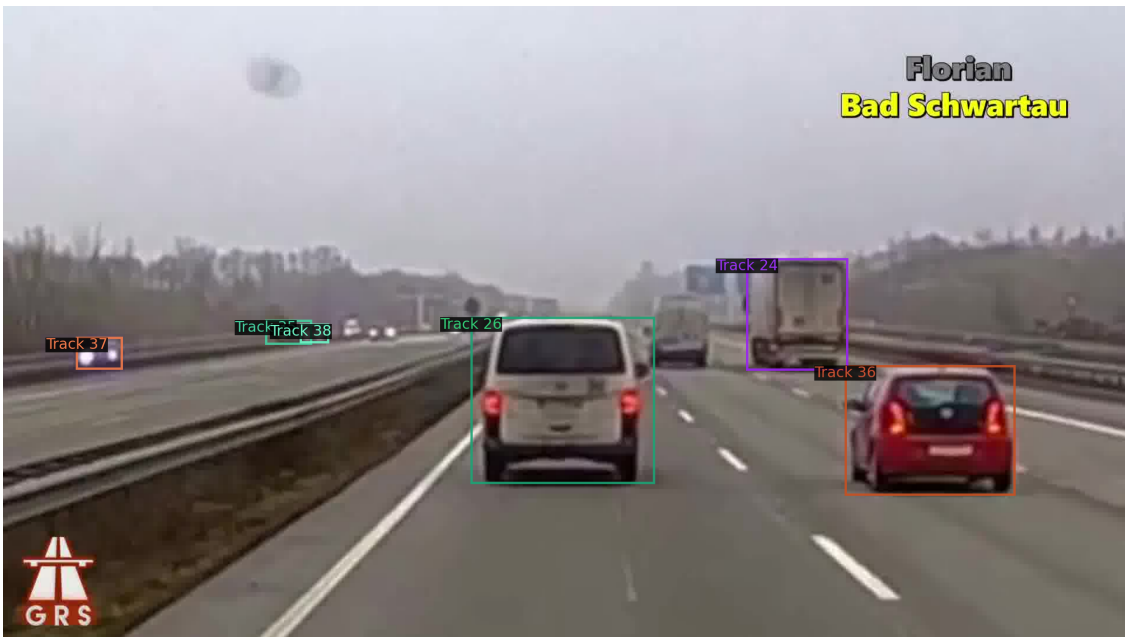
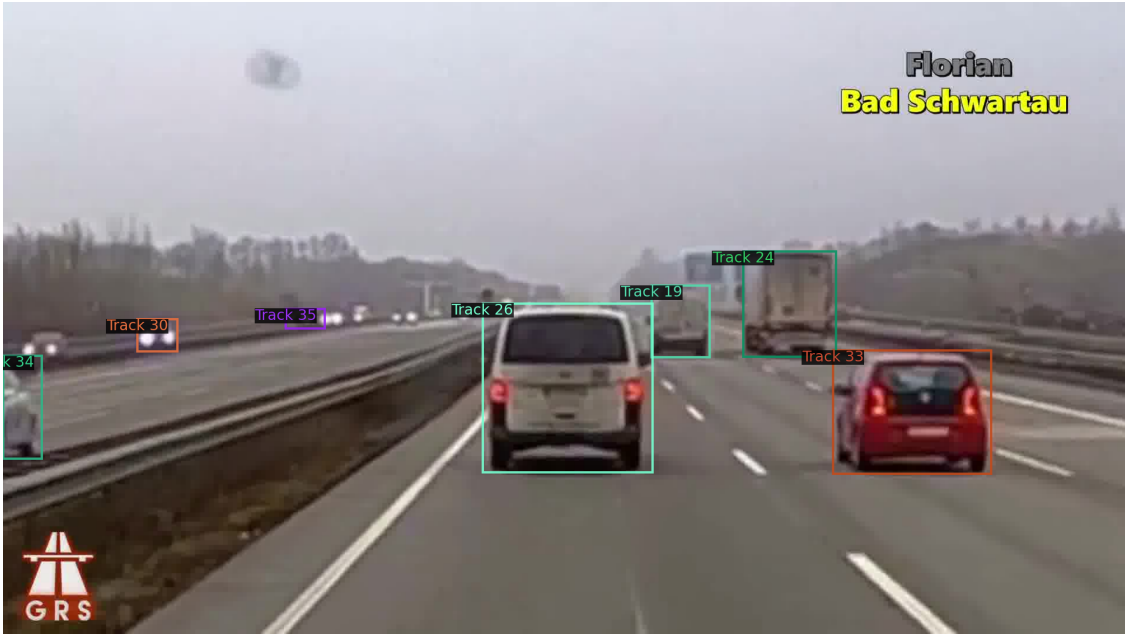
```

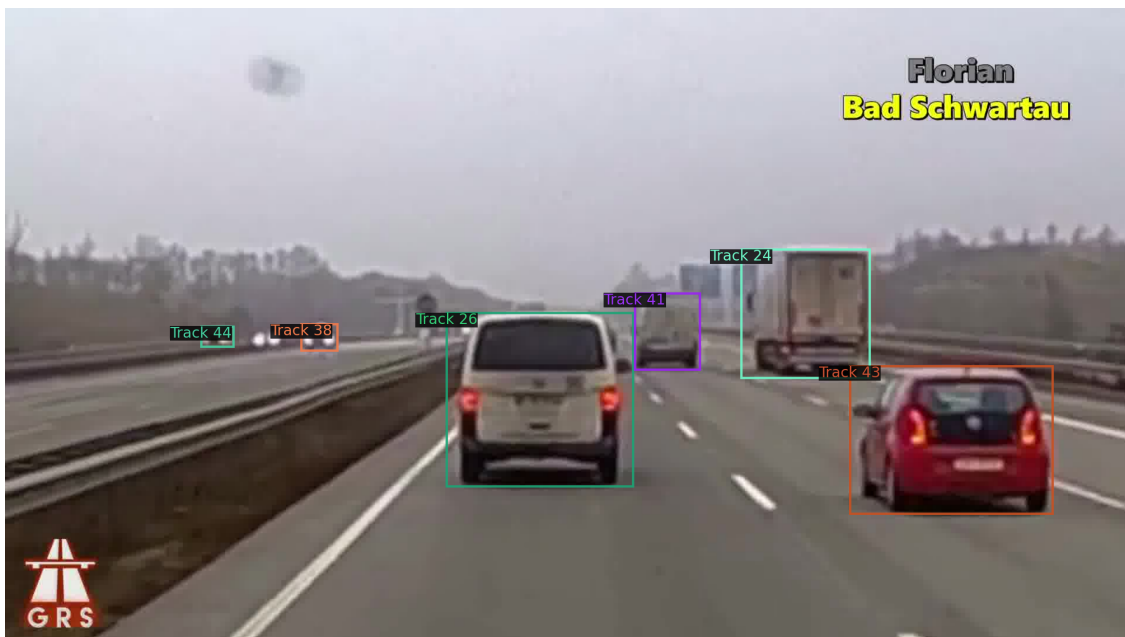
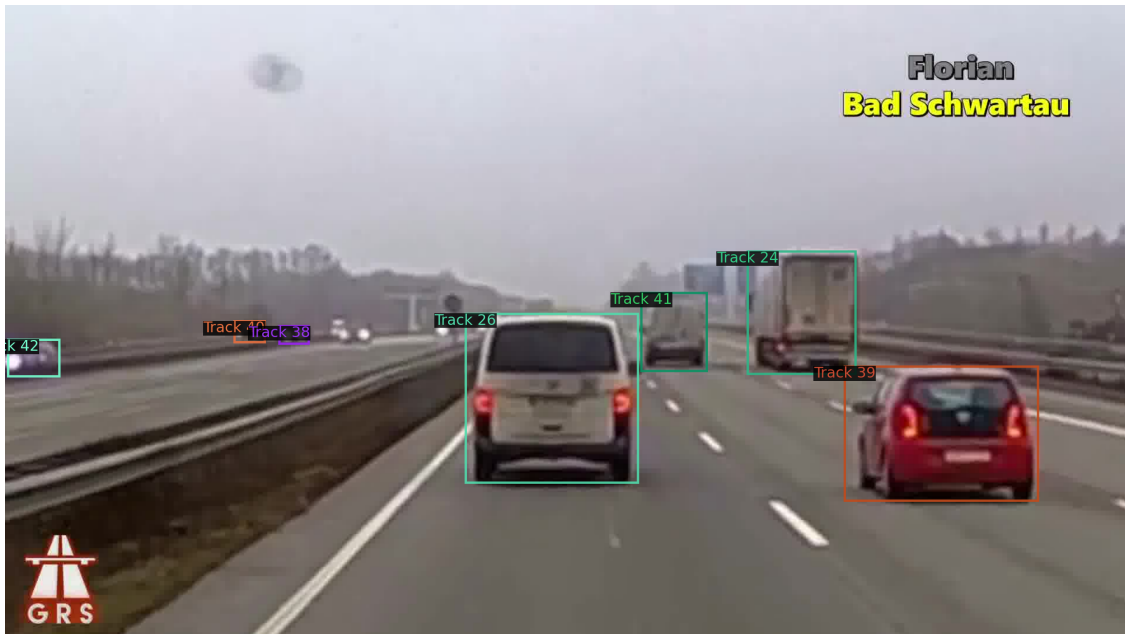
10











1.2.5 Create a video and download it

```
In [0]: def output_video_maker(images_list, file_name = 'tracker', fps = 15):
        """
        This function creates video
```

```

@parameters:
    images_list: This is a list of annotated images with appropriate color coding
    file_name : The name that you want to save your video as
    fps: frops per second, this define speed of your frames
@output:
    Video, and Download the video
"""
file_name = file_name + '.avi'
size = (len(images_list[0][0]),len(images_list[0]))
out = cv2.VideoWriter(file_name, cv2.VideoWriter_fourcc(*'DIVX'),fps,size)
print('Creating the file')
for frame in images_list:
    out.write(frame)
out.release()
print('Downloading the file')
files.download(file_name)
return 'Done'

```

```
In [17]: ouput_video_maker(images_list = ans,file_name = 'object_tracking',fps = 2)
```

```

Creating the file
Downloading the file

```

```
Out[17]: 'Done'
```

```
In [0]: #visualize tracking in the whole frames
for i in range(40):
    cv2_imshow(res[i])
```

1.2.6 The end!!!!

```
In [0]:
```